

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name ACETYLENE

Synonym(s) ACETYLENE DISSOLVED • ETHINE • ETHYNE • C2H2 • PRODUCT CODES: A5000

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) FUEL • INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name	Industrial Gases New Zealand Ltd t/a Eziswap Gas
Address	6 and 10 Canaveral Drive, Rosedale, Auckland, NEW ZEALAND
Telephone	+64 9 444 0357
Fax	+64 9 444 3509
Email	sales@eziswapgas.co.nz
Website	http://www.eziswapgas.co.nz

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES [CLASSIFICATION] REGULATIONS 2001

HSNO classification(s)

2.1.1A Flammable gases: high hazard.

DANGER

111 (NZ only)

2.2 Label elements

Signal word

Pictogram(s)



Hazard	
H220	Extremely flammable gas.
Prevention	
P103	Read label before use.
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
Response	
P377	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.
P381	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
Storage	
P403	Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal

None allocated.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
ACETYLENE	74-86-2	200-816-9	>98%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye	Adverse effects not expected from this product.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use an Air-line respirator or Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA). Be aware of possible explosive atmospheres. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. Give oxygen if available.
Skin	Adverse effects not expected from this product.
Ingestion	Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.
First aid facilities	No information provided.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Symptoms may include loss of mobility / consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. In low concentrations may cause narcotic effects. Symptoms may include dizziness, headache, nausea and loss of co-ordination.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat for asphyxia.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, such as by slowly closing the cylinder valve. If the gas source cannot be isolated, do not extinguish the flame, since re-ignition and explosion could occur. Await arrival of emergency services or manufacturer's advisor. Drench and cool cylinders with water spray from protected area at a safe distance. If it is absolutely necessary to extinguish the flame, use only a dry chemical powder extinguisher. Do not move cylinders for at least 24 hours. Avoid shock and bumps to cylinders.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Extremely flammable. Eliminate all ignition sources including cigarettes, open flames, spark producing switches/tools, heaters, naked lights, pilot lights, mobile phones etc. when handling.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Temperatures in a fire may cause cylinders to rupture and internal pressure relief devices to be activated. Cool cylinders or containers exposed to fire by applying water from a protected location. Do not approach cylinders or containers suspected of being hot. This material is capable of forming explosive mixtures in air.

5.4 Hazchem code

2SE

- 2 Fine Water Spray.
- S Risk of violent reaction or explosion. Wear full fire kit and breathing apparatus. Dilute spill and run-off.
- E Evacuation of people in and around the immediate vicinity of the incident should be considered.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

If the cylinder is leaking, evacuate area of personnel. Inform manufacturer/supplier of leak. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Consider the risk of potentially explosive atmospheres.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Carefully move material to a well ventilated remote area, then allow to discharge if safe to do so. Do not attempt to repair leaking valve or cylinder safety devices.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid inhalation. Do not drag, drop, slide or roll cylinders. The uncontrolled release of a gas under pressure may cause physical harm. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Never open an acetylene cylinder valve without the regulator attached. Gas regulator of suitable pressure and flow rating fitted to cylinder and manifold with low pressure gas distribution equipment which controls fuel gas mixture and flame. The regulator and other equipment must be compatible with the product and suited for the particular use. Never "snift" acetylene as it may ignite spontaneously. Instead, carefully inspect the outlet and if there are any signs of dirt, blow it out with a jet of clean compressed air or nitrogen.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store near incompatible substances and sources of ignition. Cylinders should be stored: upright, prevented from falling, in a secure area; below 45°C, in a dry, well ventilated area constructed of non-combustible material with firm level floor (preferably concrete), away from areas of heavy traffic and emergency exits. Post "No Smoking or Open Flames" signs in the storage areas. Refer to applicable legislation on flammable storage quantity restrictions. Never transfer acetylene to another cylinder or other container.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
	Kelefenee		mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Acetylene	WES (NZ)		Asph	yxiant	

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Provide suitable ventilation to minimise or eliminate exposure. Confined areas (e.g. tanks) should be adequately ventilated or gas tested. Flammable/explosive vapours may accumulate in poorly ventilated areas.

PPE

Wear safety glasses.
Wear leather or cotton gloves.
Wear coveralls and safety boots.
If using product in a confined area, wear an Air-line respirator.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties COLOURLESS GAS

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Odour	GARLIC ODOUR
Flammability	HIGHLY FLAMMABLE
Flash point	< 23°C
Boiling point	-84°C
Melting point	NOT AVAILABLE
Evaporation rate	NOT APPLICABLE
рН	NOT APPLICABLE
Vapour density	0.906 (Air = 1)
Specific gravity	NOT APPLICABLE
Solubility (water)	SOLUBLE
Vapour pressure	4700 kPa @ 25°C
Upper explosion limit	80 % to 85 %
Lower explosion limit	2.5 %
Partition coefficient	NOT AVAILABLE
Autoignition temperature	305°C
Decomposition temperature	NOT AVAILABLE
Viscosity	NOT AVAILABLE
Explosive properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Oxidising properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Odour threshold	NOT AVAILABLE
9.2 Other information	
% Volatiles	100 %
Critical pressure	6242 kPa
Critical temperature	36.3°C (Dissolved in acetone and porous medium)
Cylinder pressure (when full)	

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Forms explosive acetylides with copper, silver and mercury. Do not use alloys containing more than 65% copper.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage. However, sensitive to heat or shock and may become explosive.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerizes with evolution of heat. Avoid contact with curing agents, accelerators, and/or initiators.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid shock, friction, heavy impact, heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), copper, copper alloys (>70% copper), silver and mercury to form explosive acetylides. May decompose violently at high temperatures and/or pressures or in the presence of a catalyst. Hazardous by-products may be produced when this gas/gas mixture is used in welding, cutting and associated processes.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases if heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Information available for the product: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Skin	Not classified as a skin irritant.
Eye	Not classified as an eye irritant.
Sensitisation	Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.
Mutagenicity	Not classified as a mutagen.
Carcinogenicity	Not classified as a carcinogen.
Reproductive	Not classified as a reproductive toxin.

STOT – single exposure	Asphyxiant. Effects are proportional to oxygen displacement. Over exposure may result in dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, breathing difficulties and unconsciousness.
STOT – repeated exposure	Not classified as causing organ damage from repeated exposure.
Aspiration	Not classified as causing aspiration.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

No ecological damage is expected to be caused by this product.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

This product is not readily biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

This product is not expected to bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No known effects from this product. Fume from fabrication processes which use this gas/gas mixture may be harmful to the environment.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Cylinders should be returned to the manufacturer or supplier for disposal of contents.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD ACCORDING TO LAND TRANSPORT RULE: DANGEROUS GOODS 2005; NZS 5433:2012, UN, IMDG OR IATA



	LAND TRANSPORT (NZS 5433)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	1001	-	-
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	ACETYLENE, DISSOLVED	-	-
14.3 Transport Hazard Class	2.1	-	-
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	-	-

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

2SE

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code

Other information

Ensure cylinder is separated from driver and that outlet of relief device is not obstructed.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Inventory listing(s)	NEW ZEALAND: NZIOC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals) All components are listed on the NZIoC inventory, or are exempt.
Group standard	Ethyne (acetylene)
Approval code	HSR000987

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information	may be gene made for ea	this gas/gas mixture for welding, cutting and associated processes, additional hazards erated by the process such as radiation, noise and fume. Risk assessments should be ch activity to identify and quantify the individual hazards involved. Please refer to the ety Data Sheets for the welding consumables being used or, if available, the materials I.		
	Application method: Never open an acetylene cylinder valve without the regulator attached. Gas regulator of suitable pressure and flow rating fitted to cylinder and manifold with low pressure gas distribution equipment which controls fuel gas mixture and flame. The regulator and other equipment must be compatible with the product and suited for the particular use. Never "sniff" acetylene as it may ignite spontaneously. Instead, carefully inspect the outlet and if there are any signs of dirt, blow it out with a jet of clean compressed air or nitrogen.			
	The recomm Factors such and the avai	PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES: endation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration ilability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal uipment is made.		
	It should be including: fre equipment u would encom	FECTS FROM EXPOSURE: noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors quency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective sed and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which apass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply bods where appropriate.		
Abbreviations	ACGIH CAS # CCID CNS EC No. EMS EPA GHS HSNO IARC LC50 LD50 mg/m ³ OEL pH ppm STEL STOT-RE STOT-RE STOT-RE STOT-SE TLV TWA	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds Chemical Classification and Information Database (HSNO) Central Nervous System EC No - European Community Number Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods) Environmental Protection Authority [New Zealand] Globally Harmonized System Hazardous Substances and New Organisms International Agency for Research on Cancer Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose Milligrams per Cubic Metre Occupational Exposure Limit relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline). Parts Per Million Short-Term Exposure Limit Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Threshold Limit Value Time Weighted Average		

Prepared by

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